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THE following Addresses from the City of *Worcester*, and the Incorporated Company of *Clothiers* there, were Presented to His Majesty by *William Bromley* Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Honourable my Lord Chancellor, and his Grace the Duke of *Shrewsbury*.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

WE your Majesties truly Dutiful, Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Your City of Worcester *in Council Assembled, humbly beg leave of Your Most Sacred Majesty, to lay at Your Feet our Hearts full of Joy for Your safe and happy Return from so many apparent Dangers to which Your Sacred Person hath been too often Exposed for our sakes, more especially since You are attended with the greatest Blessing, an Honourable Peace, which we hope may be firm and lasting.*

When we reflect upon the Miraculous Dispensations of the Divine Providence, how by Your Majesty's Prudense and Conduct, we have been rescued from the very Jaws of Popery and Arbitrary Power, and as by a true Defender of the Faith, we have God's True Religion Established amongst us, and are Protected in our just Rights and Liberties, in all things that are valuable and dear to true Englisb-men. We cannot but acknowledge, that Praise and Glory is a Tribute due to the Great Creator and Almighty Preserver of Mankind; and Loyalty and True Obedience to Your Majesty, as the Instrument by which these many and wonderful Blessings were showr'd down upon us. And as a natural Consequence from thence, We humbly and heartily Assure Your Most Sacred Majesty of all the Assistance our Persons and Purses can give, to Secure unto You the Just Rights and Prerogatives of the Crown, being fully Convinced of the Truth of this Maxim; That as a King of *England* can by no better Means secure His Prerogative then by Defending His People in their Liberties and Properties, so the People have no other Means to secure their Priviledges than by Supporting the Prerogative.

That all Your Subjects may be of the same Mind, that the King of Kings may make Your Crown easie, and Your Reign long and prosperous, and that after You have attained to the top of all Earthly Honour here, You may at last be Crowned with an Eternal weight of Glory hereafter, is the hearty Prayer of all us, and of all Your Majesty's Loyal Subjects.

In Testimony whereof we have hereunto affixed our Common Seal, this 24th of November 1697. *in the ninth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.*

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Incorporated Company of *Clothiers*, in Your City of *Worcester*.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects being highly sensible of the greatest Obligations that were ever due from a Ransom'd People, to the Victorious Hand that hath Redeemed them, are desirous on this Occasion, to express our Gratitude in the most humble Demonstrations of Joy for Your Majesty's happy and safe Return from the Dangers and Fatigues of War.

We cannot but Adore the Careful Hand of Providence that in the most noble Atchievements hath preserved You always Safe, and return'd You most Victorious.

We acknowledge it Your Majesty's just and peculiar Character, That the Pleasures and Softness of a Throne hath been less Your Choice than the weightier Cares of Your Peoples Preservation; and it appears to have been Your Majesty's Generous Endeavours, rather to preserve our Properties then to have enjoyed Your own.

These Resentments (Dread Soveraign) *are such as melt the most Ungrateful of Your People, to a willing Obedience, and render You no less a Conqueror at home, by endearing Obligations, then You have appeared abroad by the Terrour of Puissant Armies.*

We only Beg leave to add our Devoutest Prayers, That Heaven would long continue to us such a Monarch, and that while Your Happy People are enricht by Peace and Trade, they may still remember the Author of them both, and always pay that just Tribute of Loyalty and Fidelity that is due unto the best of Princes.

In Testimony whereof we have hereunto put our Common Seal, this 24th of November 1697.

The Humble Address of the City of *Coventry* was presented to His Majesty by *George Bohun* Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, and *Thomas Hopkins* Esq; introduced by the Right Honourable my Lord Chamberlain.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Addrss of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Sheriffs, Council, Gentlemen, and Citizens of Your Majesty's Ancient City of *Coventry*.

Great SIR,

WE cannot but with unspeakable thankfulness praise the infinite Goodness of Almighty God, in putting it into Your Majesty's Heart to undertake the most Glorious Enterprize of rescuing these Kingdoms from Popery and Slavery, to which we had been inevitably reduced, had not Your Majesty (the only means and hopes under God we had left) with the hazard of Your Sacred Person, both by Sea and Land, relieved us in our last extremity. We do also with all Duty, Loyalty, and Joy, Congratulate Your Majesty's happy and safe Return, after so many Years dangerous War. And as it is to be attributed to Your Majesty's Illustrious Character, of Wisdom, Courage, and Inviolable Observance of Your Word, that a League of so many Potentates, Princes, and States, has so firmly and so long united together, so it is to Your Majesty's Wise and Heroick Conduct that is owing, not only the Liberties of these Nations, but of the greatest part of Europe, *which You have now secured, by an Honourable and Advantageous Peace, from which we promise our selves Safety, Plenty, and Prosperity; And above all, the continual Blessing of Your Royal Presence, which that we may many, very many Years enjoy, are the most Zealous and hearty Prayers of Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects.*

The Humble Address of the Borough of *Warwick* was presented to His Majesty by Sir *Charles Shuckburgh* Bar. being introduced by His Grace the Duke of *Shrewsbury*.

Great SIR,

WE Your Majesty's most Faithful and Obedient Subjects the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Your Ancient Borough of Warwick, *do with a Joy, equal, if possible, to our Duty, and so Illustrious an Occasion, receive the happy Tydings of Your Majesty's safe Return to Your Kingdoms, attended with the most desirable Success of War, a Just and Honourable Peace, the product of Your Counsels, the effect of Your Valour, , and the Merit no less then the Reward of so exalted a Virtue.*

We beg leave to offer the repeated Assurances of an inviolable Fidelity to Your Sacred Person, Adherence to Your undoubted Title, and sincere affection to Your Government, re-established by Your Wisdom and invincible Resolution on its Primitive and Legal Foundations: Your Majesty being not only the Defender of the Faith You have happily restored, but the Deliverer of Oppressed Nations, the Redeemer and Asserter of the Common Liberties of Europe.

And

And therefore, with the most transported Zeal of a Free-born and grateful People, we cease not to implore Heaven, that the same Auspicious Providence, which at first inspired Your Royal Heart, with these Glorious Designs, and since Crowned Them with no less Glorious Events; will evermore preserve the now united Interests of King and People, and make Your Majesty, through the course of a Long, Serene, and Happy Reign, the perpetual Arbiter of that Blessed Peace, Your Royal Prowess hath given to the Western World.

The Humble Address of the Borough and Corporation of *Colchester*, was presented to His Majesty by *Ralph Creffeild* Esquire, Mayor, being Introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Oxford*, Lord Lieutenant of the County of *Essex*, and High Steward of the said Corporation.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty, William III. *By the Grace of GOD, of* England, Scotland, France, *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith*, &c.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Assistants, and Common Council, and of the Free Burgesses and Inhabitants of Your Majesty's Antient and Loyal Borough and Corporation of *Colchester*.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE humbly beg leave to Congratulate Your Majesty's late prosperous Return to Your Kingdoms, We Bless GOD for it, and for that Honourable Peace Your Majesty brought along with You. Many of Your Majesty's Predecessors, Kings and Queens of England, have done Worthily, but Your Majesty Excels them all. You have been a Glorious Defender of the Christian Faith, and the Maintainer and Upholder of the Protestant Cause, whereby Your Majesty hath gained a Name that will last so long as the Sun and Moon endure.

And that Your Majesty may long Sit upon the Throne, and enjoy the Benefit, and reap the Fruit of that Peace which Your Majesty hath Procured for Your Kingdoms, and the greatest part of Christendom, is the hearty Prayers of us, Your Majesty's most humble Loyal and Obedient Subjects. In Testimony whereof we have hereunto caused our Common Seal to be affixed the 23th day of November, in the Ninth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesses, together with His Majesty's Officers in the Port, the Parson, and all others Inhabitants of the Corporation of *Falmouth*, was Presented to His Majesty by Sir *Peter Killigrew*, introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Rivers*.

Dread Soveraign,

May it please Your most August and Excellent Majesty.

WE Your Majesty's most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesses, together with Your Majesty's Officers in the Port, the Parson, and all others Inhabitants of Your Majesty's Corporation of Falmouth, *humbly beg leave (from a deep Sense of our own Happiness under Your Majesty's Incomparably Benign Government and Protection, with a Joy altogether Astonishing and Inexpressible) to lay down at Your Sacred Feet (which have now brought the Blessing of that glorious Peace, which Your Majesty's Heroical Prowess and Auspicious Arms have acquired) this most sincere Testimony of our profound Duty and Affection.*

Dread SIR,

We are of nothing more Proud, nor have we been of any thing more Ambitious than this, That we are of one Heart in a Zealous Allegiance and Fidelity to Your Majesty's Royal Person and Government. We have always most Devoutly Implored the great and good God to render Successful Your great and good Enterprizes for the Deliverance of our Church and State, and for the Protection of many oppressed Princes and Nations; To defend and preserve Your Royal Person in those Innumerable Hazards and Dangers, which both by Sea and Land it hath been exposed to, for the Welfare of England *and all* Europe: *We have still longed and hoped for to see this happy day of Your Safe Return from the Fatigue of Wars, Crowned with Lawrels and the Olive Branch, and being now Blest with the Sight of it, in the Excess of our Joy and Thanksgiving unto God, our Hearts mutually Eccho to each other,* Long Live and Reign the greatest and best of Monarchs, King *William* the Third, over *England, &c.*

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Chief Citizens of the City of Hereford in Common-Council assembled, was presented to His Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord Coningsby, their High Steward; and the Honourable Paul Foley, Esq; Speaker of the House of Commons; and James Morgan, Esq; their Representatives in Parliament.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Bayliff, and Commonalty of the City of Oxon, was presented to His Majesty by the Mayor and several Freemen of that City, And the Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgh-masters of the Corporation of Wetbury in the County of Wilts, was presented by the Honourable Robert Bertie, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament; being both Introduced by my Lord President.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Assistants of the City of New Sarum, was presented to His Majesty by Sir Thomas Mompesson, one of their Representatives in Parliament, and Robert Eyre, Esq; their Recorder.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Bayliffs, Burgesses, and others the Inhabitants of the Borough of Clifton-Dartmouth-Hardness, was presented to His Majesty by Sir Joseph Herne, Introduced by His Grace the Duke of Shrewsbury.

The Humble Address of the Bishop, Dean, Chapter, and other Dignitaries of the Cathedral Church of St. Peter's in Exeter, presented to His Majesty by Dr. Lake, Arch-Deacon, and several of the Prebendaries.

The Humble Address of the Town of Dorchester, in Dorset, was presented to His Majesty by Sir Robert Napier, their Recorder, Introduc'd by His Grace the Duke of Queensborough.

The Humble Address of the Borough of Saltash in the County of Cornwall, presented to His Majesty, by Francis Buller and Walter Moyle, Esqs; their Representatives in Parliament, introduced by the Right Houourable the Earl of Radnor, Lord-Lieutenant of that County.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, Burgesses and Freemen of the Borough and Corporation of Wigan, in Lancashire, presented to His Majesty by Sir Roger Bradshaw, Baronet.

The Humble Address of the Borough and Sea-Port of Leverpoole, was presented to His Majesty, by William Norrys and Jasper Maudit, Esqs; their Representatives in Parliament.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Jurats, and Freemen of the Town of Rye in the County of Sussex, was presented to His Majesty by Sir John Austin, one of their Representatives in Parliament.

All which Addresses His Majesty received very Graciously.

Venice, Nov. 22. A Report is come by Letters from Messina, of a Fourth Engagement this Year between the Venetian and Turkish Fleets; but we do not yet know what credit to give to it.

Cracow, Nov. 19. The Party that not long ago appeared against the King, are now quite broke; Most of them have already submitted to His Majesty, and 'tis not doubted but the rest will do the like; The King has sent orders to stop the march of the Saxon Forces, that were coming from *Hungary*, where they will now Winter, seeing there is like to be no occasion for them in this Kingdom; The Forces of *Poland* are ordered to their Winter-quarters; And the Sieur *Potoki* who Commanded the Detachment that was advanced as far as *Zawickhost*, in their march this way, arrived here yesterday, and gave the King new assurances of the Fidelity and good Affection of the Army to His Majesty and His Interests; The Publick Tranquillity being thus restored, 'tis said a General Dyet will be forthwith held, to consider what is necessary to be further done, as well for setling the affairs of the Kingdom, as for carrying on the War against the Turks.

Warsaw,

Warsaw, *Nov.* 22. The last Letters from *Lithuania* say, Prince *Sapieha*, Great General of that Duchy, has made his submission to the King of *Poland*; Other Great Men of that Country have followed his example; And 'tis generally believed the Cardinal Primate will likewise make his Peace in few days, having already made some steps towards it.

Dantzicke, *Nov.* 27. A Ship belonging to this City arrived here yesterday in 6 days from the *Soundt*, and brings an account, that the King of *Denmark* would not suffer the Sieur *du Bart* to carry the Dantzicker Ships, which he took in this Road, through the *Soundt*; And they were therefore left at *Copenhagen*, and Danish Seamen put on Board them; so we hope they will be quickly released and return hither.

Vienna, *Nov.* 23. Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy* arrived here 2 days ago from *Sclavonia*, and was very kindly received by the Emperor. General *Rabutin* gives the following account of his late Expedition with the Forces from *Transilvania*.

On the 4th Instant, after having marched several days, our Troops being between 3 and 4000 Men, arrived before *Vipalanka*, and orders were given immediately to raise 2 Batteries, one for Cannon, and the other for Mortars; The Night following the Turks put a reinforcement of 150 Men into the Town, with a supply of Ammunition and Provisions, and their Galleys and other Vessels in the *Danube* approached, to annoy us all they could. The 5th, our Cannon and Mortars began to play, and with good success, setting the Town on Fire in several places; The Enemies Galleys Cannonaded our Camp all the day; and a small body of their Troops, appeared on a Hill at some distance from *Vipalanca*, which gave us cause to believe that they intended to attempt the relief of it; G. *Rabutin* resolved therefore, before they had gathered a greater strength together, to make an Assault upon the Town, tho' he found it much stronger than he expected, being Fortified with a good Ditch and Intrenchments, and a Treble Row of Pallisadoes; This was put in execution on the 6th, and 800 Germans, and 200 Rascians were appointed to make the Attack, which was done at day-break, in 2 several places, and at the same time our Cannon and Mortars were fired from our Batteries; The Turks for some time defended themselves very well; And their Galleys gave them all the assistance they could, by playing their Cannon upon us; But our Men having pulled down the Pallisadoes, after a very obstinate Fight of an hour and a half, they entred the Town, and made themselves Masters of it, most of the Garison, which consisted of 400 Men, with divers of the Inhabitants being put to the Sword. On the 7th General *Rabutin* caused the place to be demolished, being scituated too far from the Imperial Territories, to think of keeping it. On the 8th the Forces rested. The 9th, the Cannon taken at *Vipalanca* being 11 Brass pieces, were sent to *Caransebes*; and Col. *Herberstein* marched before with 800 German Horse and Dragoons, and the Radzien Troops, towards *Banzoua*, and on the 10th arrived there early in the morning; The Turks upon the News of his march, quitted the place after having set it on Fire, and retired to *Wiesniza*; Col. *Herberstin* found there several pieces of Cannon, and gave orders for ruining that part of the Town which remained unburnt; after which he intended to rejoin General *Rabutin*, who continued in the mean time at a place called *Schitwin* with the rest of the Forces; which would then return to their Winter-quarters.

The Letters from Carelstat in Croatia of the 11th Instant inform us, That the Vice-Ban or Lieutenant-Governor of that Province, having gathered together the Forces under his Command, in order to make an Incursion into Bosnia, they passed the River Unna the 31th of the last Month, and marched the two days following through very difficult ways; The 3d they advanced to the River Gomilnieza; The Turks endeavoured to hinder our passing it, and had cast up some Works for that purpose, but the Croatians after a short dispute, put them to flight, and advanced into the Territories of Tymar, making a great destruction in the Country; The Vice-Ban marched to the pass of Maydan, and the Turks upon his approach abandoned it, The Croatians demolished the Works they found there; and went on to Bagnalucca; several Parties were sent out, who burnt the Villages, and made a great ravage for divers Miles round; The Turks in the mean time sallied out of the Town of Bagnalucca, and fell with great fury upon our Troops, which were posted near that place, to observe the Garison and cover our Partys that were abroad, but the Enemy were beaten back and many of them killed, among whom was one of their Principal Officers; the Croatians continued for 3 days together to plunder and destroy the Country, and took the Palanke of Cerska by storm, which they afterwards burnt; and having thus succesfully executed their design, and caused a very great Allarm and Terror through all the Country, our Troops marched back in very good order, to Croatia, and are gone to Quarters.

Paris, Dec. 2. The Reform the King has ordered to be made in the French Forces of five Men in each Troop of Horse and Dragoons and Company of Foot, was to begin yesterday; Orders being sent to the several Commissaries for this purpose, as likewise for breaking the Second Lieutenants of the Foot, and the Cornets of Horse. We expect every Hour the News of the Prince of Conty's arrival at Dunkirk, 'Tis said the King has refused to receive the Letter of the Magistrates of Dantzick, being much dissatisfied with their late Behaviour towards the Prince of Conty. The Duke of Burgundy's Marriage remains fixed for the 7th of this Month; and Balls and other Entertainments will on this Occasion, be continued with Extraordinary Magnificence, for several days together. The Duke de Vendosme, and the Grand Prior his Brother, arrived here this day from Catalonia. Count Tallard prepares for his Embassy to England; and the Marquis de Harcourt for his to Spain.

Brussels, *Dec.* 4. The Town of *Courtray* is to be restored this day to the Spaniards. The 4 Regiments of the Forces of *Hesse*, which were Quartered about *Ruremonde*, are marched towards *Germany*, and the Count *de Horne*, who was sent to hasten them, is come back. *Monsieur du Harlay*, one of the French Ambassadors for the late Treaty at *Ryswick*, passed through this City on the Second Instant in his return to *France*. The Prince *de Vaudemont* has received from the Court of *Spain*, his Commission to be Governor of *Milan*; and 'tis believed he will in a short time begin his Journey thither.

Amsterdam, Dec. 6. The Moscovite Ambassadors have received advice, that an Army of Turks and Tartars having belieged a Place called Quizy-Karmey, where the Moscovites have a Garison, the Czar's Forces marched to their Relief, and gave the Enemy a great Overthrow, having killed 4000 of them upon the Place, and taken many Prisoners, with all their Artillery and Baggage; The said Ambassadors intend to make Publick Demonstrations of Rejoycing for this Victory.

Hague, Dec. 6. The States have now under consideration the raising of Funds for the next year to pay off Arrears, and for other Services; and intend to raise again the Tax of the Hundred Penny; They have resolved to take into their Service six thousand Suissers above the Number they had before the War. Yesterday Don Quiros, the Spanish Ambassador, had a Conference with the French Ambassadors at Delf, and delivered to them